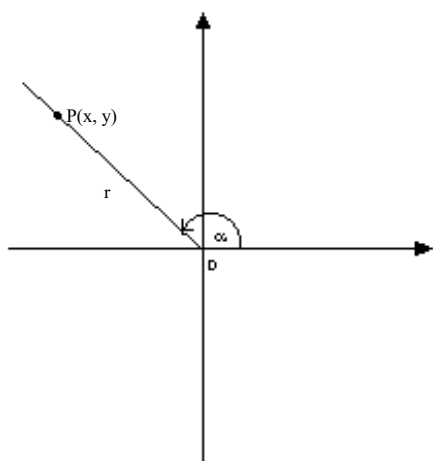


P- dowolny punkt wybrany na końcowym ramieniu kąta  $\alpha$



Przyjmując:

$|OP|=r$ , definiujemy funkcje trygonometryczne dowolnego kąta w następujący sposób, a następnie określamy znak funkcji trygonometrycznych w poszczególnych ćwiartkach układu współrzędnych:

|                             |                                           |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| $\sin \alpha = \frac{y}{r}$ | $\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{y}{x}$  |
| $\cos \alpha = \frac{x}{r}$ | $\operatorname{ctg} \alpha = \frac{x}{y}$ |

|                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $\sin \alpha = \frac{y^+}{r^+} > 0$<br>$\cos \alpha = \frac{x^-}{r^+} < 0$<br>$\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{y^+}{x^-} < 0$<br>$\operatorname{ctg} \alpha = \frac{x^-}{y^+} < 0$ | $\sin \alpha = \frac{y^+}{r^+} > 0$<br>$\cos \alpha = \frac{x^+}{r^+} > 0$<br>$\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{y^+}{x^+} > 0$<br>$\operatorname{ctg} \alpha = \frac{x^+}{y^+} > 0$ |
| $\sin \alpha = \frac{y^-}{r^+} < 0$<br>$\cos \alpha = \frac{x^-}{r^+} < 0$<br>$\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{y^-}{x^-} > 0$<br>$\operatorname{ctg} \alpha = \frac{x^-}{y^-} > 0$ | $\sin \alpha = \frac{y^-}{r^+} < 0$<br>$\cos \alpha = \frac{x^+}{r^+} > 0$<br>$\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{y^-}{x^+} < 0$<br>$\operatorname{ctg} \alpha = \frac{x^+}{y^-} < 0$ |

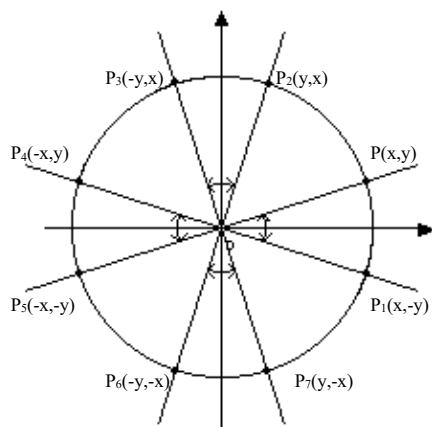
### REDUKCYJNE

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <table><tr><td><math>P_3(-y,x)</math></td><td><math>\sin(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{x}{r} = \cos\alpha</math><br/><math>\cos(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Tg}(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{x}{-y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Ctg}(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{y}{x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha</math></td></tr><tr><td><math>P_4(-x,y)</math></td><td><math>\sin(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\alpha</math><br/><math>\cos(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Tg}(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{-x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Ctg}(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha</math></td></tr></table>            | $P_3(-y,x)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | $\sin(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{x}{r} = \cos\alpha$<br>$\cos(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{x}{-y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{y}{x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha$        | $P_4(-x,y)$  | $\sin(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\alpha$<br>$\cos(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{-x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha$   | prov | <table><tr><td><math>P_2(y,x)</math></td><td><math>\sin(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{r} = \cos\alpha</math><br/><math>\cos(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Tg}(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{y} = \operatorname{ctg}\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Ctg}(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{x} = \operatorname{tg}\alpha</math></td></tr><tr><td><math>P(x,y)</math></td><td><math>\sin\alpha = \frac{y}{r}</math><br/><math>\cos\alpha = \frac{x}{r}</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Tg}\alpha = \frac{y}{x}</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Ctg}\alpha = \frac{x}{y}</math></td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                    | $P_2(y,x)$  | $\sin(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{r} = \cos\alpha$<br>$\cos(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{y} = \operatorname{ctg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{x} = \operatorname{tg}\alpha$           | $P(x,y)$    | $\sin\alpha = \frac{y}{r}$<br>$\cos\alpha = \frac{x}{r}$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}\alpha = \frac{y}{x}$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}\alpha = \frac{x}{y}$                                                                                                                                      |
| $P_3(-y,x)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | $\sin(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{x}{r} = \cos\alpha$<br>$\cos(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{x}{-y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(90^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{y}{x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha$        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| $P_4(-x,y)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | $\sin(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\alpha$<br>$\cos(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{-x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(180^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha$   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| $P_2(y,x)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | $\sin(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{r} = \cos\alpha$<br>$\cos(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{y} = \operatorname{ctg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(90^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{y}{x} = \operatorname{tg}\alpha$             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| $P(x,y)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | $\sin\alpha = \frac{y}{r}$<br>$\cos\alpha = \frac{x}{r}$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}\alpha = \frac{y}{x}$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}\alpha = \frac{x}{y}$                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <div></div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <table><tr><td><math>P_5(-x,-y)</math></td><td><math>\sin(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha</math><br/><math>\cos(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Tg}(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-y}{-x} = \operatorname{tg}\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Ctg}(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{-y} = \operatorname{ctg}\alpha</math></td></tr><tr><td><math>P_6(-y,-x)</math></td><td><math>\sin(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha</math><br/><math>\cos(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Tg}(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{-y} = \operatorname{ctg}\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Ctg}(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{-x} = \operatorname{tg}\alpha</math></td></tr></table> | $P_5(-x,-y)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | $\sin(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha$<br>$\cos(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-y}{-x} = \operatorname{tg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{-y} = \operatorname{ctg}\alpha$ | $P_6(-y,-x)$ | $\sin(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha$<br>$\cos(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{-y} = \operatorname{ctg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{-x} = \operatorname{tg}\alpha$ |      | <table><tr><td><math>P_1(x,-y)</math></td><td><math>\sin(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha</math><br/><math>\cos(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{r} = \cos\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Tg}(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Ctg}(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{-y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha</math></td></tr><tr><td><math>P_7(y,-x)</math></td><td><math>\sin(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha</math><br/><math>\cos(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Tg}(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha</math><br/><math>\operatorname{Ctg}(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{y}{-x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha</math></td></tr></table> | $P_1(x,-y)$ | $\sin(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha$<br>$\cos(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{r} = \cos\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{-y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha$ | $P_7(y,-x)$ | $\sin(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha$<br>$\cos(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{y}{-x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha$ |
| $P_5(-x,-y)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | $\sin(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha$<br>$\cos(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-y}{-x} = \operatorname{tg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(180^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{-y} = \operatorname{ctg}\alpha$ |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| $P_6(-y,-x)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | $\sin(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha$<br>$\cos(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-x}{-y} = \operatorname{ctg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(270^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{-x} = \operatorname{tg}\alpha$ |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| $P_1(x,-y)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | $\sin(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{r} = -\sin\alpha$<br>$\cos(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{r} = \cos\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{-y}{x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(360^\circ-\alpha) = \frac{x}{-y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha$   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| $P_7(y,-x)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | $\sin(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{r} = -\cos\alpha$<br>$\cos(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Tg}(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{-x}{y} = -\operatorname{ctg}\alpha$<br>$\operatorname{Ctg}(270^\circ+\alpha) = \frac{y}{-x} = -\operatorname{tg}\alpha$   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### Jak zapamiętać wzory redukcyjne?

Jeżeli po lewej stronie wzoru redukcyjnego występuje kąt  $180^\circ$  lub  $360^\circ$ , to nazwa funkcji po prawej stronie nie zmienia się. Jeżeli po prawej stronie wzoru występuje kąt  $90^\circ$  lub  $270^\circ$ , to nazwa funkcji po prawej stronie zmienia się na kofunkcję. Znak po prawej stronie wzoru ustalamy według tego, jaki znak ma funkcja po lewej stronie w danej ćwiartce.

Np.  $\sin(270^\circ + \alpha) = -\cos \alpha$  (nazwa funkcji zmienia się na kofunkcję, ponieważ po lewej stronie wzoru występuje kąt  $270^\circ$ , Znak „-” jest dlatego, że sinus kąta, którego ramię końcowe znajduje się w III ćwiartce jest ujemny).



#### Uwaga I

Wprowadzone wzory redukcyjne na kąt  $180^\circ - \alpha$ ,  $180^\circ + \alpha$  i  $360^\circ - \alpha$  w zasadzie wystarczają do tego, aby każdy kąt dodatni, mniejszy od  $360^\circ$  zredukować do kąta leżącego w I ćwiartce, ponieważ:

dowolny kąt II ćwiartki można przedstawić w postaci  $180^\circ - \alpha$

dowolny kąt III ćwiartki można przedstawić w postaci  $180^\circ + \alpha$

dowolny kąt IV ćwiartki można przedstawić w postaci  $360^\circ - \alpha$

#### Uwaga II

Funkcje trygonometryczne określone są dla dowolnie dużych kątów, jednak w tablicach nie podaje się ich wartości dla kątów wykraczających poza zakres  $0^\circ - 90^\circ$ . Z uwagi na to, wprowadzając wzory redukcyjne, braliśmy kąt  $\alpha$  z przedziału  $(0^\circ, 90^\circ)$ . Kąt  $\alpha$  jednak może być dowolnie duży i całe rozumowanie pozostaje prawdziwe.